File No. 815-66/2021-SAT

Government of India

Ministry of Communications

Department of Telecommunications

(Satellite Division) 20, Ashoka Road, New Delhi – 110001

Dated 29th October, 2021

To,

All Commercial VSAT CUG Licensees

Subject: Amendment in License Agreement for provision of VSAT service using INSAT system for Adjusted Gross Revenue (AGR) - reg.

As per the Condition 12.1 of License Agreement for provision of VSAT service using INSAT system, the Licensor reserves the right to modify at any time the License, if in the opinion of the Licensor it is necessary or expedient to do so in public interest or in the interest of the security of the State or for the proper conduct of telegraphs. In pursuance of this condition, the Licensor hereby amends/appends the following in the License Agreement for provision of VSAT service using INSAT system:

Existing Clause	Amended/appended Clause		
DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATIONS Unless the context otherwise requires, the different terms and expression used in the LICENCE AGREEMENT shall have the following meaning assigned to them:-	DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATIONS Unless the context otherwise requires, the different terms and expression used in the LICENCE AGREEMENT shall have the following meaning assigned to them:-		
1. "ADJUSTED GROSS REVENUE" for the purpose of levying LICENCE Fee as a percentage of revenue shall include the Gross Revenue excluding:-	Definition of Gross Revenue, Applicable Gross Revenue (ApGR)and Adjusted Gross Revenue (AGR): 1. Applicable Gross Revenue (ApGR):		
i) charges of pass through nature payable to other Telecom service provider(s) to whose network, the LICENSEE's network is interconnected for carriage of data. ii) Service tax and sales tax actually paid to the Government, if gross revenue had included the component of service tax.	ApGR shall be equal to Gross Revenue (GR) of the licensee as reduced by the items listed below: (i) Revenue from operations other than telecom activities/ operations. (ii) Revenue from activities under a license/ permission issued by Ministry of Information and Broadcasting. (iii) Receipts from the USO Fund. (iv) List of other income* to be excluded from GR to arrive at ApGR		

"GROSS REVENUE"

The Gross Revenue shall include all revenues accruing to the LICENSEE on account of goods supplied. services provided, leasing/hiring of infrastructure, use of its resources by others, application fees, installation charges, call charges, late fees, sale proceeds of instruments (or any terminal equipment including accessories), VSAT hardware/software, fees on account of Annual Maintenance Contract/ Annual Comprehensive Maintenance Contract income from value added services. supplementary services, access interconnection charges, etc. and any other miscellaneous item including interest, dividend etc. without any set-off of related item of expense etc.

- a. Income from Dividend
- b. Income from Interest
- c. Capital Gains on account of profit of Sale of fixed assets and securities
- d. Gains from Foreign Exchange rates fluctuations
- e. Income from property rent
- f. Insurance claims
- g. Bad Debts recovered
- h. Excess Provisions written back
- *Subject to conditions given in Annexure VIII.

1.1 Adjusted Gross Revenue (AGR):

For the purpose of arriving at the "Adjusted Gross Revenue (AGR)", following shall be excluded from the Applicable Gross Revenue (ApGR):

- a. Charges of pass through nature paid to other Telecom service provider(s) to whose network, the Licensee's network is interconnected for carriage of data, and;
- b. Goods and Service Tax (GST) paid to the Government, if the Applicable Gross Revenue (ApGR) had included as component of GST.

1.2 Gross Revenue:

The Gross Revenue shall include all revenues accruing to the Licensee on account of goods supplied, services provided, leasing/hiring of infrastructure, use of its resources by others. application fees, installation charges, charges, late fees, sale proceeds of instruments terminal (or any equipment including accessories), VSAT hardware/software, fees on account of Annual Maintenance Contract/ Annual Comprehensive Maintenance Contract, income from value added services. supplementary services, access interconnection charges, etc., and any other miscellaneous item including interest, dividend etc. without any set-off of related item of expense, etc.

- 2. This amendment comes into effect from 01.10.2021 and will be applicable to the dues which arise from the operations of the Licensee after the said date.
- 3. The new Format of Statement of Revenue and License Fee incorporating the effect of above amendment is enclosed. It is clarified that the existing format (Annexure-I) shall also be replaced with this new format (attached with this amendment with effect from 01.10.2021.
- 4. This amendment shall be part and parcel of the Commercial VSAT CUG License Agreement and all others Terms & Conditions shall remain unchanged.

2 9 / 10 / 202) (Raj Kumar Jha)

Assistant Director General (Satellite-II)
For and on behalf of the President of India

Ph. No. 23710248

Copy to:

1) Secretary, TRAI.

2) DG (T) HQ, DoT HQ/ CGCA.

3) Advisor (Economics)/ Sr. DDG (TEC)/ Wireless Advisor/ DDG (LFP)/ DDG (LFA)/ DDG (WPF)/ DDG (SA)/ DDG (SPPI), DoT.

4) DDG (CS)/ DDG (DS)/ DDG (AS)/DDG (A/C) DoT HQ.

5) Director (IT) may kindly arrange to upload this letter on the website of DoT.

Annexure-VIII to Commercial VSAT CUG License Agreement

List of other income to be excluded from GR to arrive at ApGR

Sl.	Item/ Head	Description and conditions applicable		
No.	of 'Other	· Article Arti		
	Income'			
a.	Income from	Income from dividend is return on investment made by the company. Such		
	Dividend	investment is made out of surplus funds available with the comp Companies Act, 2013 and Accounting Standard-9 classified dividend in as 'other income' i.e., distinct from the core operations of the entity.		
	H _ = _	Therefore, income from dividend shall not be part of ApGR for the purpose		
	= = = = = =	of computation of LF.		
b.	Income from Interest	Income from interest is return on investment made by the company in bank deposits, corporate deposits, debentures etc. Such investment is made out of surplus funds available with the company. Also sometimes, Licensee receives interest from Tax Authorities on advance tax or refundable tax. Companies Act, 2013 and Accounting Standard-9 classified interest income as 'other income' i.e., distinct from the core operations of the entity.		
	y a	At the same time, Licensee accepts refundable deposits from customers, telecom vendors and other Licensees. These deposits essentially are part of telecom operations. The interest income earned on such amounts should be recorded and certified by statutory auditors.		
		Therefore, income from interest shall not be part of ApGR for the purpose of computation of LF. However, interest earned on refundable deposits from customers, telecom vendors and other Licensees shall be considered in ApGR for the purpose of computation of LF. Also, any refundable deposit received by the Licensee on the strength of telecom service viz. linkage with tariff, advance rental etc. shall also have similar treatment for inclusion in		
		ApGR.		
c.	Capital gains	Capital gain earned by the Licensee on the account of profit on sale of assets		
	on account of profit on sale of fixed assets and securities	and securities, are of from investing activities instead of from telecom operations. Therefore, the revenue on account of sale of immovable property, securities, warrants or debt instruments, other items of fixed assets shall not be part of ApGR for the purpose of computation of LF.		
d.	Gains from Foreign Exchange rates fluctuations	Foreign Exchange differences arise when actual rates at the time of settlement differs from those at which they were initially recorded in the books. The provisions contained in the Accounting Standard-11 require a notional entry for exchange differences in respect of liabilities at the closing date of the AFSs. The foreign exchange gains reflected in the profit and loss statement of Licensee could arise from reduction of payment liability or increase in the value of foreign exchange accounts receivables. In other		

		words, foreign exchange fluctuation is a contingency which has impact on every business which may have something to do with foreign exchange and is not specific and unique to telecom business.				
J.		Therefore, revenue/profit arising out of upward valuation or devaluation on account of fluctuation of foreign exchange shall not be part of ApGR for the purpose of computation of LF.				
e.	Income from	Licensee may rent or lease part of their properties and earn revenue in the				
	property rent	form of rent. Some Licensees as part of staff welfare measure provides staff				
2	property rent	quarters to their employees and receive rent from such staff. Revenue from rent cannot be distinctly treated as only from telecom business. Therefore,				
		revenue/income from property rent shall not be part of ApGR for the purpose				
X		of computation of LF. In case property is let out for 'establishing, maintaining and working of telecommunication', then revenue/income from				
		such rent shall be considered in ApGR for the purpose of computation of LF.				
f.	Insurance	A receipt from Insurance company against loss of property/fixed assets is				
40	claims	basically a reimbursement in nature for the loss occurred by the Licensee.				
	Receipt of insurance claim from insurance company shall not be part of					
	ApGR for the purpose of computation of LF.					
g.	Bad Debts recovered	Bad debt is an amount owed by a debtor that is unlikely to be received/realized and recognized as an expense in the books of accounts. Bad Debts recovered represents reversal of debits (i.e. bad debts) appearing in the profit and loss account of previous year(s). This basically represents an adjustment to the amount of an expense (i.e. bad debts) as estimated in an earlier year(s) in which it had already recorded as part of revenue from operations.				
		Therefore, income on account of bad debts recovered shall not be part of ApGR for the purpose of computation of LF.				
h.	Excess Provisions written back	Excess Provisions written back represent the reversal of excess provision made for any liability or expenses in any previous year. On settlement, this excess provision is written back into books of accounts as other income. This basically represents an adjustment 60 instead of actual revenue earned. Therefore, income on account of excess provisions written back shall not be				
		part of ApGR for the purpose of computation of LF.				

VERY SMALL APERTURE TERMINAL SERVICE License No......... Statement of Revenue and License Fee for the Quarter......of the financial year......

(AMOUNT IN RUPEES)

Sl.	PARTICULARS	ACTUALS	FIGURES	CUMULATIVE
No.		FOR THE	FOR	FIGURES UPTO
		PREVIOUS	CURRENT	THE PREVIOUS
		QUARTER	QUARTER	QUARTER
1.	Revenue from Services:			
i.	Revenue from provisioning of VSAT			
	service			
ii.	Revenue from supplementary/value		-	
	added services.		49	
iii.	Goods and Service Tax (GST)			
iv.	Revenue from lease/rentals of items		585	11
	in 2(i) and (ii) below.			
v.	Revenue from Annual			
	Comprehensive Maintenance		at the second	
	Contract (ACMC)/ Annual		9	9 E
	Maintenance Contract (AMC) etc.	A		
vi.	Any other income/ miscellaneous			
	receipt.			
- N II				
2.	Income from Trading activity: (all			
	inclusive of Goods and Service Tax			
75	(GST)		_	27
i.	Sale of VSAT including antennas		70	
72	and other accessories including		12	
	software, hardware etc.			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
ii.	Sale of accessories, etc.			
iii.	Any other income/miscellaneous		=	y v
	receipt from trading activity.		-	
3.	Income from investments.			4
i.	Interest income		4	
1.	interest meome			

ii.	Dividend income		4.2	ж
iii.	Any other miscellaneous receipt from investments.	~		
4.	Non-refundable deposits.			- VI
5.	Revenue from sharing/leasing of other infrastructure			
6.	Revenue from Operations/Activities other than Telecom Operations/ Activities as well as revenue from activities under a license from Ministry of Information and Broadcasting			
353				10
7.	Miscellaneous revenue.	2		
AA	GROSS REVENUE OF THE Licensee COMPANY: (Add 1-7)			
BB	LESS			
1	Revenue from operations other than telecom activities/ operations			
2	Revenue from activities under a license from Ministry of Information and Broadcasting			·
3	Receipt from USO Fund		El .	2
4	Items of 'Other Income' as listed in Annexure- VIII	х		V
i.	Income from Dividend			
ii.	Income from Interest			
iii.	Capital Gains on account of profit of Sale of fixed assets and securities			5 T
iv.	Gains from Foreign Exchange rates fluctuations			
V.	Income from property rent			
vi.	Insurance claims	1		
vii.	Bad Debts recovered		12	-

	The state of the s		
Excess Provisions written back			
	,		
Total (1+2+3+4)	E 10 10 10		
APPLICABLE GROSS	H		
REVENUE (ApGR) (AA-BB)		11	
DEDUCT:			9 5
Revenue of pass through nature			ti.
passed on to other service providers.			
(operator-wise details).			
Note: Lease/rent charges for hiring			
of infrastructure not to be deducted.		6.	ų.
Goods and Service Tax (GST) paid	2		
to the Government.		, = A	
TOTAL DEDUCTIBLE			= 1
REVENUE (1+2)			
			0 0
ADJUSTED GROSS REVENUE		9	14
(CC-DD)			
REVENUE SHARE @		2	
OF ADJUSTED GROSS			
REVENUE		N	
	APPLICABLE GROSS REVENUE (ApGR) (AA-BB) DEDUCT: Revenue of pass through nature passed on to other service providers. (operator-wise details). Note: Lease/rent charges for hiring of infrastructure not to be deducted. Goods and Service Tax (GST) paid to the Government. TOTAL DEDUCTIBLE REVENUE (1+2) ADJUSTED GROSS REVENUE (CC-DD) REVENUE SHARE @	Total (1+2+3+4) APPLICABLE GROSS REVENUE (ApGR) (AA-BB) DEDUCT: Revenue of pass through nature passed on to other service providers. (operator-wise details). Note: Lease/rent charges for hiring of infrastructure not to be deducted. Goods and Service Tax (GST) paid to the Government. TOTAL DEDUCTIBLE REVENUE (1+2) ADJUSTED GROSS REVENUE (CC-DD) REVENUE SHARE @	Total (1+2+3+4) APPLICABLE GROSS REVENUE (ApGR) (AA-BB) DEDUCT: Revenue of pass through nature passed on to other service providers. (operator-wise details). Note: Lease/rent charges for hiring of infrastructure not to be deducted. Goods and Service Tax (GST) paid to the Government. TOTAL DEDUCTIBLE REVENUE (1+2) ADJUSTED GROSS REVENUE (CC-DD) REVENUE SHARE @